# **SO2-1 Trends in population living below the relative poverty line and/or income inequality in affected areas**

Please note that although “affected areas” is mentioned in the indicator name, estimates specific to affected areas should be reported on in the reporting forms provided for affected areas.

## **Relevant metric**

This indicator estimates the well-being of populations in monetary terms. Choose one of the following metrics to report that is relevant to your country:

Proportion of population below the international poverty line

Income inequality (Gini Index)

**Proportion of population below the international poverty line**

This is generally considered to be relevant to less developed countries, where extreme poverty and destitution are core development challenges. It is currently defined as percentage of the population living on less than USD 1.90 a day at 2011 international prices.

### **SO2-1.T1: National estimates of the proportion of population below the international poverty line**

Report national annual values of the proportion of the population living below the international poverty line. As the proportion of population below the international poverty line by sex, age, employment status and geographical location (urban/rural) is also a Sustainable Development Goal (SDG) indicator (SDG indicator 1.1.1), country data has been pre-filled directly from the SDG database. Keep the default estimates or replace them with national datasets.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Year** | **Proportion of population below international poverty line (%)** |  |
| 2000 |  |  |
| 2001 |  |  |
| 2002 |  |  |
| 2003 |  |  |
| 2004 |  |  |
| 2005 |  |  |
| 2006 |  |  |
| 2007 |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |
| 2009 |  |  |
| 2010 |  |  |
| 2011 |  |  |
| 2012 |  |  |
| 2013 |  |  |
| 2014 |  |  |
| 2015 |  |  |
| 2016 |  |  |
| 2017 |  |  |
| 2018 |  |  |
| 2019 |  |  |
| 2020 |  |  |
| 2021 |  |  |

**Income inequality (Gini Index)**

The Gini Index is employed to provide an estimate of ‘Income inequality’. It estimates the extent to which the distribution of income (or in some cases, consumption expenditure) among individuals or households within an economy deviates from perfectly equal distribution. A Gini index of zero represents perfect equality and 100 represents perfect inequality.

### **SO2-1.T2: National estimates of income inequality (Gini index)**

Report national annual values of income inequality. This table is pre-filled with the Gini Index. This metric is collected annually by the World Bank. Keep the default estimates or replace them with national datasets.

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Year** | **Income inequality (Gini Index)** |  |
| 2000 |  |  |
| 2001 |  |  |
| 2002 |  |  |
| 2003 |  |  |
| 2004 |  |  |
| 2005 |  |  |
| 2006 |  |  |
| 2007 |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |
| 2009 |  |  |
| 2010 |  |  |
| 2011 |  |  |
| 2012 |  |  |
| 2013 |  |  |
| 2014 |  |  |
| 2015 |  |  |
| 2016 |  |  |
| 2017 |  |  |
| 2018 |  |  |
| 2019 |  |  |
| 2020 |  |  |
| 2021 |  |  |

## **Qualitative assessment**

### **SO2-1.T3: Interpretation of the indicator**

Based on the quantitative data reported in the table above, select the dominant change in the indicator and indicate which direct and/or indirect drivers are presumably behind the observed changes using the comment box in the table below.

|  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Indicator metric** | **Change in the indicator** | **Comments** |  |
| Proportion of population below the international poverty line  Income inequality (Gini Index) | Increase  Decrease  No change |  | Remove |

### **General comments**

Provide any additional comments you deem relevant.

# **SO2-2 Trends in access to safe drinking water in affected areas**

Please note that although “affected areas” is mentioned in the indicator name, estimates specific to affected areas should be reported on in the reporting forms provided for affected areas.

## **Proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services**

### **SO2-2.T1: National estimates of the proportion of population using safely managed drinking water services**

Provide national annual values of the proportion of the population using safely managed drinking water services. The table is pre-filled with default data from from the SDG database (SDG indicator 6.1.1) provided by the World Health Organization/United Nations Children’s Fund. They have produced regular estimates of national, regional and global progress on drinking water, sanitation and hygiene since 1990. The indicator is expressed as a percentage of urban, rural and total populations. Keep the default estimates or replace them with national datasets.

|  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Year** | **Urban (%)** | **Rural (%)** | **Total (%)** |  |
| 2000 |  |  |  |  |
| 2001 |  |  |  |  |
| 2002 |  |  |  |  |
| 2003 |  |  |  |  |
| 2004 |  |  |  |  |
| 2005 |  |  |  |  |
| 2006 |  |  |  |  |
| 2007 |  |  |  |  |
| 2008 |  |  |  |  |
| 2009 |  |  |  |  |
| 2010 |  |  |  |  |
| 2011 |  |  |  |  |
| 2012 |  |  |  |  |
| 2013 |  |  |  |  |
| 2014 |  |  |  |  |
| 2015 |  |  |  |  |
| 2016 |  |  |  |  |
| 2017 |  |  |  |  |
| 2018 |  |  |  |  |
| 2019 |  |  |  |  |
| 2020 |  |  |  |  |
| 2021 |  |  |  |  |

## **Qualitative assessment**

### **SO2-2.T2: Interpretation of the indicator**

Based on the quantitative data, select the dominant change in the indicator and indicate which direct and/or indirect drivers are presumably behind the observed changes using the comments box in table below.

|  |  |
| --- | --- |
| **Change in the indicator** | **Comments** |
| Increase  Decrease  No change |  |

### **General comments**

Provide any additional comments you deem relevant.

# **SO2-3 Trends in the proportion of population exposed to land degradation disaggregated by sex**

## **Proportion of the population exposed to land degradation disaggregated by sex**

### **SO2-3.T1: National estimates of the proportion of population exposed to land degradation disaggregated by sex**

This table is pre-filled with default national estimates derived from a spatial overlap between SDG indicator 15.3.1 data and population data sourced from the WorldPop Project. Keep the default national estimates or, if data and capacity exist, replace them with national estimates of the proportion of the female, male and total overall population exposed to land degradation.

|  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Time period** | **Population exposed (count)** | **Percentage of total population exposed (%)** | **Female population exposed (count)** | **Percentage of total female population exposed (%)** | **Male population exposed (count)** | **Percentage of total male population exposed (%)** |  |
| **Baseline period** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| **Reporting period** |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |

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## **Qualitative assessment**

### **SO2-3.T2: Interpretation of the indicator**

Based on the quantitative data, select the dominant change in the indicator and indicate which direct and/or indirect drivers are presumably behind the observed changes using the comments box in table below.

### 

|  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- |
| **Change in the indicator** | **Comments** |  |
| IncreaseDecreaseNo change |  | **Remove** |
|  | | |

### 

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### **General comments**

Provide any additional comments you deem relevant.

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# **SO2 Voluntary targets**

List any target relevant to this strategic objective that your country has set and indicate the expected year of achievement and level of application (e.g. national, subnational).

|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| **Target** | **Year ⓘ**  **Expected year of achievement or actual year (if already achieved); must be later than 2018** | **Level of application** | **Status of target achievement** | **Comments** |  |
|  |  | National  Subnational | Achieved  Ongoing  Extended or postponed  Not achieved  Partially achieved  Specify actual percentage (%) of achievement |  | Remove |
|  | | | | | |

### **General comments**

Provide any additional comments you deem relevant.